

CORPORATE LAW (LLM)

NYSED: 21850 HEGIS: 1499.00 CIP: 22.9999

Program Description

In this LLM specialization (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/llmjsd/corporationlaw/>), you'll learn to be an effective lawyer by studying the deals that are shaping the next generation of US and global business activity in America's financial capital.

You'll develop an individualized curriculum from our exceptionally rich array of courses, taking classes with some of the nation's leading theorists in law and economics, corporate law, securities regulation, and bankruptcy law, as well as academics whose work is oriented toward practice and the profession. You also can choose from finance or international business classes taught by professors at the NYU Stern School of Business.

Admissions

- Eligibility and Admission Standards (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/graduateadmissions/eligibilityandstandards/>)
- How to Apply (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/graduateadmissions/>)
- Scholarships and Financing (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/graduateadmissions/scholarshipprograms/>)

Program Requirements

The program requires the completion of 24 credits, and at least 21 of the required 24 [major] credits must be taken in courses and seminars from the following groups:

- Corporate and Securities Law
 - (except first-year Contracts - LAW-LW 11672)
- Contracts and Commercial Law
- Corporate Compliance and Enforcement
- Antitrust and Competition Law
- Intellectual Property and Information Law
- Taxation
- Transactional Law and Business
- Appendix (other related classes)

Course	Title	Credits
Corporations		
Select one of the following: ¹		4-5
LAW-LW 10644		
LAW-LW 10344	Corporations (For LL.M, Students)	
Core Business Courses ²		
Select at least two classes carrying a total of at least four credits from the following list:		4
LAW-LW 10007		
LAW-LW 12185	A Study of 'Mega' Bankruptcy Cases: Impact on the Economy and Related Industries Seminar	
LAW-LW 11460		
LAW-LW 11144		
LAW-LW 10965	Commercial Law	
LAW-LW 11972		
LAW-LW 11216		

LAW-LW 12243 Corporate Crime and Financial Misdealing: Legal and Policy Analysis Seminar

LAW-LW 11461 Corporate Finance

LAW-LW 12773 Corporate Finance and Investment Banking

LAW-LW 12621

LAW-LW 12076

LAW-LW 12371 Digital Currency, Blockchains and the Future of Financial Services

LAW-LW 10387

LAW-LW 12785 Iconic Delaware Cases Seminar

LAW-LW 12350 International Business Transactions

LAW-LW 12337 Introduction to Accounting and Finance

LAW-LW 11550

LAW-LW 12716

LAW-LW 11003

LAW-LW 10503 Law and Business of Corporate Transactions

LAW-LW 12254 Law and Business of Corporate Turnarounds and Leadership

LAW-LW 10236 Law and Business Projects Seminar

LAW-LW 10327 Mergers and Acquisitions

LAW-LW 12553 M&A Simulation: Anatomy of a Merger

LAW-LW 10322

LAW-LW 10118

Electives

Other Elective Credits 16

Total Credits 24

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All students in the Corporation Law program who have not taken a course in US corporation law must register for Corporations (LAW-LW 10644) or Corporations (for LLM students) (LAW-LW 10344 Corporations (For LL.M, Students)) for four or five credits in the first semester of their studies.

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Not all of the core classes are offered each year – to see what is offered in 2023-24 check the online class schedule (<https://its.law.nyu.edu/cms/public/schedules/>).

Stern Business School Courses

Students are permitted to take up to six credits at Stern that may be counted toward the credits needed to earn the LLM degree. Note that classes cross-listed with Stern (designated by a "Z" in the Course Management System) are treated the same as any other Law School class so that they are not subject to this limit and (A), (B) and (C) below do not apply.

Stern classes designated "Preferential" may be taken for credit toward the LLM degree and count toward the 21 required credits in corporations and related classes. To receive degree credit for a Stern class that is not Preferential you must petition and be granted approval by the Vice Dean. In order to do so, you would need to complete a "Request to Register for Stern Non-Preferential Course" form (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/graduateaffairs/llmforms/>) found online.

Fall 2023 Preferential Courses (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/recordsandregistration/crossregistration/sternschoolofbusinesspreferentialcourses/>) will be listed online (the list of spring courses is available in late fall) and are designated by the code

“Prf” in the Law School’s Course Management System. Please review the information on the Records and Registration website regarding cross-registration and take note of the following important items:

- **(A)** The credit value assigned to Stern courses by the Law School is lower than that assigned by Stern because of the number of meeting hours. For example, a course assigned 3.0 credits by Stern may be assigned 2.75 by the Law School. You may take no more than 6 credits (calculated at the Stern rate) in a given semester.
- **(B)** No more than 6 credits in courses taught at Stern or other divisions of NYU (outside the Law School) may be counted toward the 24 credits you may need to qualify to sit for the New York Bar.
- **(C)** Grades earned in Stern courses appear on the Law School transcript but are not calculated in the law school GPA.

Prerequisites for Stern Courses

Many Stern classes have pre or co-requisites. For example, for certain Stern upper-level finance courses there is a prerequisite of the Stern class Foundations of Finance (COR1-GB 2311 Foundations of Finance) and a co-requisite of the Stern class Corporate Finance (FINC-GB 2302 Corporate Finance). A law student who has completed Corporate Finance at the Law School (LAW-LW 11461 Corporate Finance) will have satisfied this requirement. [Note: The Law School’s Corporate Finance course (LAW-LW 11461 Corporate Finance) is mutually exclusive with both Corporate Finance at Stern (FINC-GB 2302 Corporate Finance) and Foundations of Finance (COR1-GB 2311 Foundations of Finance).] You may obtain a waiver of a finance prerequisite if you meet one of the following conditions:

- You have an MBA degree and have taken finance courses as part of that degree.
- You are in the LLM APCLB program and took the Stern summer course on finance topics that is part of this program.
- You were a Finance undergraduate major, or you can provide a minimum of five courses, from an accredited institution, which directly correspond to the subject matter.

If you do not meet the requirements above to waive the required pre and/or co-requisite for a Stern course, you will need to take a proficiency exam in the topic(s) required.

Please contact the Office of Graduate Affairs for assistance with questions about prerequisites or other aspects of registering for a Stern course.

Sample Plan of Study

Course	Title	Credits
1st Semester/Term		
LAW-LW 10644		4-5
Core Business Course		4
Credits		8
2nd Semester/Term		
Elective		4
Elective		4
Credits		8
3rd Semester/Term		
Elective		4
Elective		4
Credits		8
Total Credits		24

Learning Outcomes

In accordance with Revised ABA Standard 302; N.Y. Court of Appeals Rule 520.18(a)(1) please find an inventory of student learning outcomes that covers the areas of “substantive knowledge and procedural law”; lawyering skills; and “proper professional and ethical responsibilities to clients and the legal system.”

The development of a mature business lawyer-advisor is a process that starts in law school but takes years to produce its result. Law school can allow students to create the foundation upon which a career as a corporate lawyer may be most effectively constructed. The foundational specialized legal knowledge for students interested in business law should include, in addition to the required course in Contracts, the basic course in Corporations and Securities Regulation.

In addition to being a sound lawyer, an effective business lawyer must also have specialized knowledge that allows her to understand her clients problems quickly and deeply. This understanding is not as a legal specialist alone, but rather is understanding of the problem as the client understands it: as a business problem. That knowledge will allow the creation of an effective framework for the legal understanding of the problem to be addressed. Therefore, the expert business lawyer must understand the language of business as well as the vocabulary and mechanisms of law. She must have a fundamental grasp of corporate finance and accounting because these topics often provide the means to understand the business problems that she will assist in solving. Thus students seriously interested in a business law practice should take the offerings in Accounting and Corporate Finance at a relatively early stage.

Other upper-level courses in business and corporate law allow students to appreciate the work of corporate and business lawyers and the regulatory environment within which they function. These courses cover many advanced topics, including cross-border transactions and “deal” or transaction focused classes. What is most important is that students acquire the analytical skills to see legal problems in their business context and sufficient mastery of legal doctrine and procedure to allow them to exercise imagination deploying legal skill to foresee and foreclose problems or to deal with them effectively when they arise.

Find out more about Corporate Law (<https://www.law.nyu.edu/areasofstudy/corporate-and-commercial/>) at NYU.

Policies NYU Policies

University-wide policies can be found on the New York University Policy pages (<https://bulletins.nyu.edu/nyu/policies/>).

School of Law Policies

Additional academic policies can be found on the School of Law academic policies page (<https://bulletins.nyu.edu/graduate/law/academic-policies/>).